

Attorney Docket No.: 266/165 (UMD-0032)  
Inventors: Madura, Kiran  
Serial No.: 09/918,036  
Filing Date: July 30, 2001  
Page 3

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

**Listing of Claims:**

Claims 1-5 (canceled).

Claim 6 (currently amended): A DNA construct encoding a fusion protein for assessing whether a yeast cell with a catalytically active 26S proteasome is quiescent or actively growing comprising:

a) a first nucleic acid sequence encoding a promoter element; and

b) a second nucleic acid sequence encoding a UbL domain having an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO:2, SEQ ID NO:3, SEQ ID NO:4, and SEQ ID NO:5, operably linked to a third nucleic acid sequence encoding a reporter molecule, expression of said UbL domain and said reporter molecule being regulated by said promoter.

Claim 7 (original): A DNA construct as claimed in claim 6, said construct being inserted into a vector.

Claim 8 (canceled).

Claim 9 (previously presented): A DNA construct according to claim 6, wherein said reporter molecule is selected from the group of molecules consisting of  $\beta$ -galactosidase, URA3,

Attorney Docket No.: 266/165 (UMD-0032)  
Inventors: Madura, Kiran  
Serial No.: 09/918,036  
Filing Date: July 30, 2001  
Page 4

luciferase, mammalian chloramphenicol transacetylase (CAT), and green fluorescent protein (GFP).

Claim 10 (currently amended): A method for assessing whether a yeast cell with a catalytically active 26S proteasome is actively growing, comprising:

a) introducing into a yeast cell with a catalytically active 26S proteasome a DNA construct encoding a fusion protein, said fusion protein comprising a UbL domain operably linked to a reporter molecule, wherein the UbL domain has an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO:2, SEQ ID NO:3, SEQ ID NO:4, and SEQ ID NO:5; and

b) assessing the stability of the reporter molecule of the fusion protein, wherein a decrease in the stability of the reporter molecule in the yeast cell, as compared to the reporter molecule of the fusion protein in a normal quiescent yeast cell, is indicative of said yeast cell being an actively growing cell.

Claim 11 (canceled).

Claim 12 (previously presented): A method as claimed in claim 10, wherein said reporter molecule is selected from the group of molecules consisting of  $\beta$ -galactosidase, URA3, luciferase, mammalian chloramphenicol transacetylase (CAT), and green fluorescent protein (GFP).

Claims 13-18 (canceled).